

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES, PH.D.

The Ph.D. program in Environmental Health Sciences is designed to prepare students for research careers in the environmental health sciences; graduates are trained for entry into positions in universities, colleges, research institutes, government agencies, private industry, and other research-oriented settings. Areas of research emphasis correspond to those of the departmental faculty.

Doctoral students complete a program of study that emphasizes professional development, scientific competence, and research expertise. The Ph.D. requires a minimum of 60 hours of course work beyond the baccalaureate and includes 12 credit hours of dissertation preparation. A limited number of graduate course-work hours from a graduate program may be applied toward the Ph.D. with advisory committee approval. A minimum of 30 hours, including 12 hours of dissertation preparation must be unique to the doctoral program of study. Those students entering without a master's degree are required to take additional foundational course work in environmental health sciences equivalent to the master's degree. To achieve doctoral candidate status, students must pass a qualifying examination after the first year of study. Upon completion of all course and language requirements or research methods proficiency, doctoral candidates must pass an oral and/or written comprehensive examination. All doctoral candidates must prepare and defend a dissertation that represents significant research in their area of advanced study. Doctoral students must demonstrate a reading proficiency in a modern foreign language if deemed necessary by the doctoral advisory committee. The *specific curriculum for the doctoral degree varies with the discipline* and some programs require additional credit hours. Students enrolled in a doctoral program have eight years from the first term of enrollment in which to complete the degree. Students must be enrolled for at least one (1) credit during the term of graduation.

Learning Outcomes

1. Investigate multi-disciplinary approaches through original research to contribute to the resolution of environmental issues.
2. Integrate knowledge gained to address critical gaps in environmental health sciences.
3. Apply research methods to address critical gaps in scientific knowledge concerning the resolution of environmental health problems.
4. Communicate findings from original research to expand the collective knowledge and scientific understanding of environmental health sciences.
5. Analyze collaborative approaches of community-engaged environmental monitoring and reporting systems to address quality of life issues.